Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Johnson

LCC: Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC)

Date Due: July 2014

Date Submitted: July 1st, 2014

New Plan: X Plan Update:

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County Commissioners: Brian Baird, Tom Kite, Ron West Address: 86 W. Court Street

City: Franklin
Zip Code: 46131

Plan Summary

Mission Statement: Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC) is a volunteer organization dedicated to serving as a catalyst for preventing, treating and reducing the negative effects of substance abuse thereby enhancing the health and safety of our community.

History: Johnson County is located immediately south of Marion County in Central Indiana. Population is approximately 139,654 as of the 2010 census. The county seat is Franklin, with the largest city being Greenwood. Median income for Johnson County is \$62,100.00. 91% of residents have completed high school. 28.8% have earned a bachelor's degree or higher. The Johnson County community is 92% Caucasian, 1.13% African-American, 3.06% Latino, and 1.96% Asian, and 1.47% other. (U.S. Census Bureau 2010).

In 1989 the Governors Commission for a Drug Free Indiana started the group Greater Greenwood Citizens Against Substance Abuse. In January 1993, Greater Greenwood Citizens Against Substance Abuse was changed to Johnson County Citizens Against Substance Abuse (JCCASA). JCCASA was re-organized and with the support of the Johnson County Commissioners and the Johnson County Council, gained advisory status over the allocation of the local Drug Free Communities Funds. In an effort to gain public awareness the name was updated in March 2011 to Drug Free Johnson County.

Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC) includes parents, community leaders, government officials, educators, law enforcement officials, religious leaders and health care professionals. Through the development of a Comprehensive Community Plan, which addresses prevention/education, treatment/intervention and justice/law enforcement issues in Johnson County, Drug Free Johnson County has become well known to state and local officials as the mechanism through which Drug Free Community Funds are distributed. The group has identified community needs and prioritized goals to address the effects of substance use, abuse and dependence in our community.

The comprehensive plan provides a history of Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC), a summary of its fiscal operations, a statement of how DFJC perceives the problem(s) that it seeks to address, membership information and a description of the monitoring role of Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC) regarding funded projects.

Monitoring Role: Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC) board/task force members prepare the Comprehensive Community Plan or an update each year. The Comprehensive Community Plan identifies and addresses the needs of the Johnson County community regarding prevention/education, treatment/intervention and justice/law enforcement issues pertaining to substance use, abuse and dependence.

The County Commissioners and Council entrust Drug Free Johnson County to screen applicants seeking monies from the local Drug Free Community Fund. Drug Free



Johnson County staff track how the allocated funds are expended and DFJC's executive committee conducts internal evaluations of DFJC activities and procedures. Agencies receiving DFJC funds present informational presentations at meetings. Follow up reports for projects funded are completed and submitted to DFJC for review to ensure that goals and objective are being met. In addition, grant procedures are reviewed and updated annually.

The Grants Committee issues a public announcement of the availability of funds, including a news release to local media. Announcements are made at Drug Free Johnson County (DFJC) meetings and past grant recipients are notified of the process and invited to apply.

After the deadline for proposals have passed, the Grants Committee reviews the applications. If any additional information is needed then a meeting is set up with the fund seeking agency for members of the Grants Committee to meet with them and get clarification of the proposal. After all prospective grantee applications have been reviewed, the committee evaluates each proposal as to how it fits into Drug Free Johnson County's community objectives. The Grants Committee then recommends an award to each qualifying applicant based upon the quality of the proposal, how consistent the proposal is with Drug Free Johnson County community objectives, whether the applicant has met DFJC's requirements in any past rewards, and the availability of funding.

Grants Committee recommendations are then considered by the DFJC Board of Directors for final approval. After approval of the Board of Directors, the approved grants are submitted to the Johnson County Commissioners for appropriation of funds. After funding recommendations are approved and funds are appropriated, recipients of grants receive notification of funding with a written contract to be executed and returned to Drug Free Johnson County. The local newspaper is also contacted to publicize the grants awarded.



Membership of the Board of Directors Drug Free Johnson County

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Aaron Hagist	Greenwood Police	Caucasian	Male	Justice/LE
	_	Department			
2	Doug Chambers	Greenwood Challenger	Caucasian	Male	Media
		Newspaper			
3	Andy Smith	Juvenile Probation	Caucasian	Male	Justice
4	Gregory George	Serenity Counseling	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
		Center			
5	Rick Hughes	Adult Probation	Caucasian	Male	Justice
6	Lisa Kress	Adult and Child	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
7	Stephanie	Turning Point	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
	Cunningham				
8	Traci Eggleston	DCS	Caucasian	Female	Community
9	Kurt Heminger	Trafalgar Police	Caucasian	Male	Justice/LE
		Department			
10	Tammi Hickman	Court Appointed	Caucasian	Female	Youth
		Special Advocates			Services
		(CASA)			
11	Jazzmin Brown	Community Volunteer	Caucasian	Female	Community
12	Missy Brown	Community Volunteer	Caucasian	Female	Community
13	Jamie Zoss	Greenwood City Court	Caucasian	Female	Justice
14	Jenny Kinnaman	United Way of	Caucasian	Female	Community
		Johnson County			
15	Abby Hamilton	Johnson County	Caucasian	Female	Justice/LE
		Sheriff Office			
16	Tom Bingham	Youth Connections	Caucasian	Male	Youth
					Services



Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1:

The abuse of illegal substances among youth and adults is, and continues to be, a problem in Johnson County.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation reports the 2012 youth trends as: 7.7% of 8th grade students, 18.6% of 10th grade students, and 25.2% of 12th grade students using illicit drugs.
- 2. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center 2013 Prevalence Statistics on ATOD for Johnson County Schools:
 - a. 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th grade students reported monthly use of the following drugs:

		10th	11th	12th
	9th Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade
Marijuana	9.7	13.7	15.3	17.6
Synthetic Marijuana	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.0
Cocaine	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2
Crack	0.4	0.6	0.7	8.0
Inhalants	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Methamphetamines	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.9
Heroin	0.4	0.5	0.7	8.0
Steroids	0.4	0.5	0.6	8.0
Ecstasy	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.7
Hallucinogens	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.6

b. 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th grade students reported lifetime use of the following drugs:

		10th	11th	12th
	9th Grade	Grade	Grade	Grade
Marijuana	18.9	26.5	31.9	36.0
Synthetic Marijuana	8.7	12.0	15.3	17.1
Cocaine	1.9	2.5	3.2	4.1
Crack	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8
Inhalants	4.2	4.4	5.3	5.1
Methamphetamines	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.0
Heroin	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.9
Steroids	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.7
Ecstasy	2.5	3.7	4.7	5.3
Hallucinogens	2.4	3.7	4.5	5.8

3. According to the 2013 Indiana DCS Annual Report, the number of heroin positive drug tests increased by almost 32%, to 14% of tests given. The report shows 1% positive for



bath salts, 3% positive for synthetic cannabinoids, 3% positive for cocaine and 3% positive for methamphetamine. Overall, the number of positive tests increased from 32.8% in 2012 to 35% in 2013.

End of Year 1 Update

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

C. Goals:

- 1. Participate in at least three (3) community events each year that provide, and/or promote, awareness in the community.
- 2. Increase the number of those receiving treatment for substance abuse by supporting existing programs and helping to promote program availability.
- 3. Provide local law enforcement organizations with the necessary equipment to combat the presence of illegal substances in Johnson County.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

Final Report (end of Year 3):

D. Objectives:

- 1. Support alternative activities for youth in Johnson County.
- 2. Support prevention and education programs provided through schools and other community organizations.
- 3. Work with local law enforcement agencies to better identify current trends in substance abuse.
- 4. Sponsor a minimum of one (1) event each calendar year that promotes awareness and education of substance abuse in Johnson County.

End of Year 1 Update:

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

A. Problem Statement #2:

Adults and youth in Johnson County continue to abuse alcohol.

B. <u>Supportive Data:</u>

1. According to the Indiana Prevention Council 2013 survey, 6th through 12th grade students reports the following alcohol use:



	Lifetime	Monthly	Binge
6th Grade	13.6	4.4	5.5
7th Grade	19.4	7.1	6.0
8th Grade	32.6	14.0	9.6
9th Grade	39.5	18.7	12.4
10th Grade	49.4	24.7	16.0
11th Grade	55.3	28.5	18.9
12th Grade	61.7	34.9	23.5

- 2. Hazeldel Betty Ford Foundation reports the 2012 numbers for youth trends as: 11% of 8th grade students, 27.8% of 10th grade students, and 41.5% of 12th grade students using alcohol.
- 3. According to the 2013 Indiana DCS Annual Report, 2,913 of the drug test administered were positive for alcohol.

End of Year 1 Update:

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

C. Goals:

- 1. Reduce monthly alcohol usage in Johnson County youth over the next three years, with the goal of at least a 5% total reduction.
- 2. Decrease the number of repeat offenders for alcohol related offenses by 3% each year.
- 3. Participate in / sponsor a minimum of one (1) alcohol awareness event each year for Johnson County youth.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

Final Report (end of Year 3):

D. Objectives:

- 1. Provide funding for alcohol/drug testing equipment and supplies for the early detection of alcohol/drug use among youth and adults receiving counseling or receiving court services.
- 2. Support and encourage participation of local law enforcement agencies in Operation Pull Over activities.
- 3. Support educational efforts directed towards students regarding the harmful effects of alcohol.

4. Provide funding to support treatment in the Johnson County Law Enforcement Facility for inmates with alcohol/drug abuse issues.

End of Year 1 Update:
End of Year 2 Update:
Final Update (end of Year 3):

A. Problem Statement #3:

Prescription drug are abused by adults and youth in Johnson County.

B. Supportive Data:

- 1. According to the 2013 Indiana DCS Annual Report, 5515 drug tests showed positive for Hydrocodone,1890 drug tests showed positive for Morphine, 106 drug test showed positive for Codeine, 54 drug tests showed positive for Fentanyl, 51 drug tests showed positive for Soma, and 1819 drug tests showed positive for Buprenorphine.
- 2. According to the 2013 Indiana Prevention Resource Center survey, the following 6th through 12th grade students reported lifetime use of prescription drugs and over the counter medications:

	Prescription	OTC
6th Grade	1.9	1.7
7th Grade	2.3	2.3
8th Grade	4.7	3.9
9th Grade	7.1	5.3
10th Grade	10.1	6.7
11th Grade	12.2	7.7
12th Grade	14.3	8.3

3. According to the same survey, the following students reported monthly use of prescription drugs and over the counter medications:

	Prescription	OTC
6ht Grade	0.7	1.0
7th Grade	1.2	1.2
8th Grade	2.2	1.8
9th Grade	3.3	2.2
10th Grade	4.3	2.4
11th Grade	5.1	2.3
12th Grade	5.7	2.6



End of Year 1 Update:

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

E. Goals:

- 1. Reduce the number of youth in Johnson County reporting the use/abuse of prescription drugs.
- 2. Participate in at least three (3) community events each year the provide/promote prescription drug abuse awareness in the community.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

Final Report (end of Year 3):

F. Objectives:

- 1. Assist law enforcement with the implementation of programs to help identify and arrest persons for criminal activity related to prescription drug abuse.
- 2. Support programs that target at risk youth to help them reduce drug abuse.
- 3. Provide support to treatment/intervention programs and services.

End of Year 1 Update:

End of Year 2 Update:

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Next Annual Update Due: July 2015

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: July 2017

Date of Community Consultant Review:



Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: AS

